Convention on the Rights of the Child

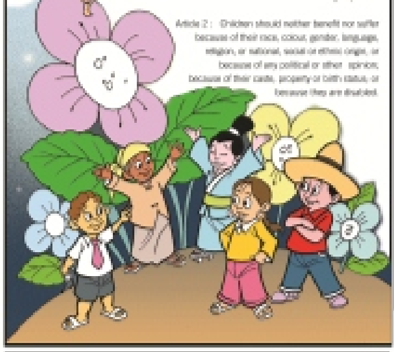
THE
LUTHERAN
WORLD
FEDERATION
Myanmar Program

Article 24: Children have the right to have the highest level of health possible and to access health and medical services with special emphasis on primary and preventive health care and public health education.

Article 7 : All children have the right to a legally registered name, and nationality.

Article 3: Laws and actions affecting children should put their best interests first and benefit them in the best possible way.

Article 6: The authorities in your country must protect children and help ensure their full development – physical, spiritual, moral and social.



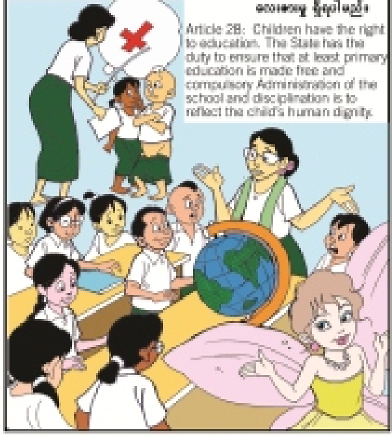
Article 2 : Children should neither benefit nor suffer because of their race, colour, gender, language, religion, or national, social or ethnic origin, or because of any political or other opinion, because of their caste, property or birth status, or because they are disabled.

Article 23: Handicapped children have the right to special care, education and training designed to help them to achieve greatest possible self-reliance and to lead a full and active life in society.

Article 32: The Stat has the obligation to protect children from engaging in work that constitutes a threat to their health, education or development

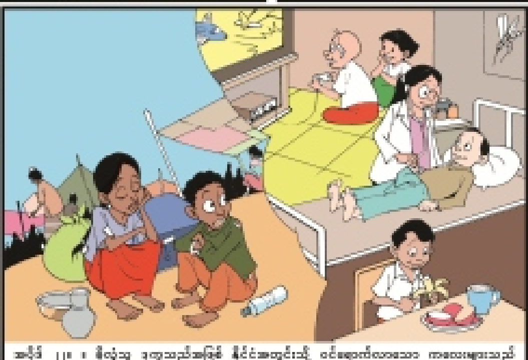
Article 31: Children have the right to play and rest.

Article 12: Children have the right to have their say in decisions that affect them, and to have their opinions taken into account.



Article 28: Children have the right to education. The State has the duty to ensure that at least primary education is made free and compulsory Administration of the school and discipliniation is to reflect the child's human dignity.

Article 30 : Children have a right to learn and use the language and customs of their families, whether these are shared by the majority of people in the country or not.



Article 22 : Children who come into a country as refugees should have the same rights as children born in that country.

Article 17 : Children have the right to reliable information from the mass media. Television, radio,and newspapers should provide information that children can understand, and should not promote materials that could harm children.

Article 35: The Government should make sure that children are not abducted or sold.

Article 15: Children have the right to meet with others and to join or set up associations.

Article 34: The Government should protect children from sexual abuse.